

5 Applications of Hilbert Nullstellensatz.

1. Give an example of an ideal $\mathfrak{a} \triangleleft k[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ such that $\mathcal{Z}(\mathfrak{a})$ is a singleton, but \mathfrak{a} is not maximal.
2. Show that the ideal $(f) \triangleleft k[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ is radical if and only if the polynomial f is not divisible by a square of a non-constant polynomial.
3. Let $\text{Spec } A$ denote the set of all prime ideals of a ring A . For $\mathfrak{a} \triangleleft A$ define

$$V(\mathfrak{a}) = \{\mathfrak{p} \in \text{Spec } A \mid \mathfrak{a} \subseteq \mathfrak{p}\}.$$

- a) Show that for $\mathfrak{a}, \mathfrak{b} \triangleleft A$:

$$V(\mathfrak{a}) \cup V(\mathfrak{b}) = V(\mathfrak{a} \cap \mathfrak{b}) = V(\mathfrak{a} \cdot \mathfrak{b}).$$

- b) Show that for $\mathfrak{a}_i \triangleleft A$, $i \in I$:

$$\bigcap_{i \in I} V(\mathfrak{a}_i) = V\left(\left\langle \bigcup_{i \in I} \mathfrak{a}_i \right\rangle\right).$$

- c) Deduce that there is a topology on $\text{Spec } A$ whose closed sets are $V(\mathfrak{a})$, $\mathfrak{a} \triangleleft A$. We shall call it the **Zariski topology** on $\text{Spec } A$.

4. Show that $\text{Spec } A$ with the Zariski topology is a compact space.
5. Show that if $\text{Spec } A$ is a union of two disjoint closed sets in the Zariski topology, then there exists an idempotent element in A different from 0 and 1.

Homework: Problems 3, 4 and 5.